

SRI LANKA INSTITUTE OF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION

(Established in the Ministry of Higher Education, vide in Act No. 29 of 1995)

Higher National Diploma in Management First Year - Second Semester Examination - 2016

MAN 1202- Business Economics

No. of questions : 06 Instructions for candidates: No. of pages : 03 Answer any five questions only. : Three (03) hours Each question carries equal marks. Time Q1. I. What is the main difference between Economics and Business Economics? (3 Marks) II. Describe what is meant by the 'economic problem'. (3 Marks) Briefly describe how different economic system is organized to find solutions to the III. fundamental economic problems? (4 Marks) Define "law of supply" and change in quantity supplied? IV. (5 Marks) V. List five effects of fixing maximum price (below equilibrium price)? (5 Marks) (Total 20 Marks) Q2. I. State and explain two factors that will determine the price elasticity of demand for a product. (3 Marks) II. Define the term "consumer surplus" and using a diagram, explain what effect a rise in price (3 Marks) will have on consumer surplus. III. Explain what is mean by price elasticity of demand and show how it is measured? (3 Marks) Regarding'a free market, you are given the following demand and supply functions. IV. OD = 2250 - 39P(demand function) QS = -900 + 36P (supply Function) (2 Marks) a) Compute equilibrium price and quantity for the above good. (2 Marks) b) Find out the consumers' surplus in above market equilibrium? (3 Marks) c) Suppose if government fix a control price of Rs.15, discuss the impact d) If the government has decided to impose a per unit tax of Rs.8/- on this good, derive, New (4 Marks) equilibrium price and quantity?

(Total 20 Marks)

- I. Short run average cost curves take "U" shape. Explain the reason for it. (04 marks)
- II. a) What is meant by the "Returns to Scale"? (02 marks)
 - b) With the help of a graph, explain briefly the stages of returns to scale. (04 marks)
- III. The following table shows the total cost at different levels of output of product x:

Production	Total
units of	Cost
"x"	(Rs.)
0	30
1	60
2	80
3	96
4	120
5	160
6	216
7	280
8	368

Calculate the TFC, AVC, ATC and MC

(06 Marks)

IV. Using graph explain the three stages of the production curves (TP,AP,MP) (04 Marks)

(Total 20 Marks)

Q4.

- I. With help of a graph, explain briefly short run equilibrium of monopoly. (3 Marks)
- II. What does price discrimination mean? (3 Marks)
- III. List Five (05) differences between perfect competition and oligopoly market. (04 Marks)
- IV. What is the difference between normal and super normal profit in the perfect competition market. (04 Marks)
- V. The directors of Loadstar Group of Company estimates that total demand (P) from the sale of firm's product is given by the equation,

$$P = 600 - Q$$

The total cost equation is estimated to be

$$TC = 10000 + 120Q + Q^2$$

What is the profit maximizing price and output rate? What is the amount of economic profit?

(6 Marks)

(Total 20 Marks)

Q5.

- i) What are the functions of money? (02 Marks)
- ii) State what is meant by the term inflation and show how it may be measured. (04 Marks)
- iii) State four (04) effects of a rise in the general price level of a country. (04 Marks)
- iv) What is meant by "Money Supply" and explain the reasons for why people are demanding money?(05 Marks)
- v) State five (05) consequences to a country like Sri Lanka with the rise in crude oil prices in the international market.
 (05 marks)

(Total 20 Marks)

Q6

- I. Draw the circular flow of national income for three sector economy. (04 Marks)
- II. Describe what is meant by the "economic cycle". (04 Marks)
- III. Distinguish between short and long run economic growth. (04 Marks)
- IV. State four (04) measures that can be implemented to achieve Economic Growth of a country. (04 Marks)
- V. List four (04) advantages of national income accounts. (04 Marks)

(Total 20 Marks)